



Walzhafer

Zirgu barības

Feed material

Nebūs kļūdaini teikts, ka auzas ieņem lielāko vietu graudaugu vidū. Auzas satur daudz nepiesātinātās tauškābes un mucīnu, bet sēnalu dēļ tās ir labi jāsagremo.

Barošanas rekomendācija:

Feeding recommendation:

for horses:

- Due to easily available energy in connection with a high content of lysine and valuable fatty acids, oats are often fed to sport and breeding horses.
- It contains little calcium but a lot of phosphorus, so in the case of traditional hay plus oat diets, the supplementation with a balanced mineral feed is necessary.

for chicken and other poultry species:

- As a certain amount of crude fiber in the diet has a positive effect on the bacterial flora in the poultry's intestinal tract, oats, with their high proportion of husks, offer a useful supplement in case of dysbalances in the gut flora.
- That can manifest themselves, for example, in feather pecking.
- In order to avoid negative effects on protein utilization in the body if the feed contains too much crude fiber, oat feeding should be limited.
- For pullets and chicks we recommend a mixing rate of approx. 10% in the complete feed, for laying hens and breeders up to 20% can be mixed in.

for small animals:

- As with all types of grain, caution is also required with oats in order to feed rabbits and rodents appropriately.
- But in special situations, it can make sense to energetically upgrade the feeding.
- Our rolled oats can, for example, be offered over the winter months, in the event of emaciation, e.g. after an illness, or also for pregnant animals as an energy-rich feed supplement. Excessive loss of weight should always be clarified by the treating vet.
- In order to encourage the animals to keep themselves busy, we recommend distributing 0.5-1 teaspoon under the fresh bedding or in the hay.

Sastāvs: 97,0 % Auzas (pārslās), 3,0 % Cukurbiešu melase

g/kg sagremojams proteīns: 84,8 g/kg
preceacal digestible protein (pcvRp): 69,4 g/kg
mJ/kg sagremojama enerģija: 12,0 MJ DE/kg





Metabolizable energy (MJ ME): 11,0 MJ ME/kg

sastāvvielas: 10,80 % Jēlproteins, 4,50 % Jēltauki, 10,00 % Rupjšķiedras, 2,90 %
Rupjie pelni, 0,10 % Kalcijs, 0,30 % Fosfors, 38,0 % Ciete

papildvielas uz kg: 335,00 mg Propionic acid (1k280), 324,00 mg Propionsäure aus
Natriumpropionat (1k281) ^{TA}

NA = Nutritional additives
ZA = Zootechnical additives
TA = Technological additives
SA = Sensory additives

